# Motives and Sequences

### Motive

- A motive is a short musical idea that recurs frequently throughout a phrase or composition
- It can be a rhythmic motive or a melodic motive or both
- Motives create unity within a composition
- Motives are recognizable even when they are varied or transformed

## **Motivic Transformations**

- Repetition
- Transposition
  - Real (exact transposition)
  - Tonal (intervals not exact—the motive is kept within the current key signature)
- Sequence (a series of transpositions)
  - Immediate restatement higher or lower
  - Made up of two to four segments, moving in the same direction, often by the same interval

## **Motivic Transformations**

- Imitation (echoed in another voice)
- Intervallic expansion and contraction
- Inversion (upside-down / "mirrored")
- Retrograde (backwards)
- Retrograde Inversion (backwards and upside-down)
- Rhythmic motive only (pitch varies)

## **Motivic Transformations**

- Fragmentation
- Insertion
- Deletion
- Augmentation (twice as long)
- Diminution (twice as short)
- Extension (similar to phrase extension)