The Late Renaissance

(ca. 1570-1600)

Composers

- Giovanni Perluigi da Palestrina (ca. 1525-1594)
- Italian composer of sacred music (masses and motets)
- Orlando di Lasso (1532-1594)
 - Flemish composer of both sacred and secular music (masses, motets, madrigals, etc.)
- Tomás Luis de Victoria (1548-1611)
- > Spanish composer of sacred music (masses and motets)

General characteristics of the music

- ▶ Purely vocal in style; not instrumental or dancelike in nature
- Imitative entries of the same line of text (points of imitation)
- > Voices are independent and nearly equal in importance
- > Primarily stepwise with careful treatment of leaps
- ▶ Small vocal ranges / avoidance of extreme registers
- Temporally free; does not sound metrical
- Primarily consonant with careful treatment of dissonance
- More focus on the linear (melody) than on the vertical (harmony)
- Overlapping cadences create a sense of seamless continuity
- Above all it is subtle and refined, balanced and restrained, avoiding the dramatic gesture

Genres

Mass

- The Catholic mass has certain recurring (or "ordinary") Latin texts that were sung each week:
 - ▶ Kyrie, Gloria, Credo, Sanctus, Agnus Dei, Benedictus
- In the late-sixteenth century, these mass texts were set to music using imitative polyphony

Motet

▶ Similar in style to settings of the mass (also using imitative polyphony), but instead of using mass texts, motets use other sacred Latin texts (such as passages from the Bible)

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Palestrina, Missa Aeterna Christi Munera

▶ Aspects to consider

- Character: What is the character of the music? Sacred or secular and dancelike?
- Texture: How are the voices related? Is one voice more important than the others?
- ▶ Melody: Jumpy and exciting or smooth and serene? What is the largest melodic leap that you can find?
- Range: How big is the range for the upper (cantus) voice?
- ▶ Meter: Does the music seem like is has a clear meter?
- Harmony: Is it consonant or dissonant sounding?
- ▶ Cadences: Do all of the voices cadence together? Where is the first cadence?